BS EN 60335-2-15:2016

Incorporating corrigendum March 2016



Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety

Part 2-15: Particular requirements for appliances for heating liquids



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National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN 60335-2-15:2016. It is derived from IEC 60335-2-15:2012. It supersedes BS EN 60335-2-15:2002+A11:2012 which will be withdrawn on 12 October 2018.

The CENELEC common modifications have been implemented at the appropriate places in the text. The start and finish the common modification is indicated in the text by tage to the

The UK participation in its preparation were entrusted by Technical Committee CPL/61, Safety of Puschold and similar electrical appliances, to Subcommittee CPL/64, safety of electrical appliances - Heated appliance group

A list of paranizations represented on this committee can be obtained on the paraneters to its secretary.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

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January 2016

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(IEC 60335-2-15:2012, modifiée)

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Partie 2-15: Exigences particulières pour les appareils de chauffage des liguides	ähnliche Zwecke - Teil 2-15: Besondere Anforderungen für Geräte zur Flüssigkeitserhitzung

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European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

European foreword

This document (EN 60335-2-15:2016) consists of the text of IEC 60335-2-15:2012 prepared IEC/TC 61 "Safety of household and similar electrical appliances", together with the modifications prepared by CLC/TC 61 "Safety of household and similar electrical appliances".

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which this document has to be implemented from 2016-at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement latest date by which the national standards tonflicting (dow) 2018-with this document have to be withdraw 2016-10-12
- 2018-10-12

This document supersedes EN 60335-2-15:2002.

This Part 2-15 is to be used in conjunction with EN 60335-1:2012 and its amendments.

Clauses, subclauses, notes, tables, figures and annexes which are additional to those in IEC 60335-2-15:2012 are prefixed "Z".

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CENELEC [and/or CEN] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This standard covers the Principle Elements of the Safety Objectives for Electrical Equipment Designed for Use within Certain Voltage Limits (LVD - 2006/95/EC).

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 60335-2-15:2012 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard with agreed common modifications.

CONTENTS

	FOI	REWORD	.4
	INT	RODUCTION	M
	1	Scope	.8
	2	RODUCTION. Scope. Normative references Terms and definitions. General requirement. General conditions for the tests Classification. Marking and instructions Protection against access to live path Starting of meter operator of line cos	0
	3	Terms and definitions	0
	4	General requirement	11
	5	General conditions for the tests	11
	6	Classification	3
	7	Marking and instructions	3
	8	Protection against access to live parts	6
	9	Starting of motor-operated appliences Power input and current.	6
	10	Power input and current.	6
	11	Heating	6
	12	Void	20
	13	Leakage current and electric strength at operating temperature2	20
	14	Transient overvoltages	20
	15	Moisture resistance	20
	16	Leakage current and electric strength	22
	17	Overload protection of transformers and associated circuits	22
	18	Endurance	22
	19	Abnormal operation	22
	20	Stability and mechanical hazards	25
	21	Mechanical strength	25
	22	Construction	26
	23	Internal wiring2	29
	24	Components	30
	25	Supply connection and external flexible cords	30
	26	Terminals for external conductors	31
	27	Provision for earthing	31
	28	Screws and connections	31
	29	Clearances, creepage distances and solid insulation	31
	30	Resistance to heat and fire	32
	31	Resistance to rusting	32
	32	Radiation, toxicity and similar hazards	32
	Anr	nexes	33
		nex C (normative) Ageing test on motors	
	Bib	liography	34
C	Fig	ure Z101 – Probe for measuring flat surface temperatures	7 (C
	-	ure 101 – Schematic representation of the 30 ml spillage test	
C		le Z101 – Maximum temperature rises of external enclosures under normal	
	ope	erating conditions	310

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

HOUSEHOLD AND SIMILAR ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES - SAFETY Part 2-15: Particular requirements and the subscription of the su

- Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and nongovernmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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This part of International Standard IEC 60335 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 61: Safety of household and similar electrical appliances.

This sixth edition cancels and replaces the fifth edition published in 2002 including its Amendment 1 (2005) and its Amendment 2 (2008). It constitutes a technical revision.

The principal changes in this edition as compared with the fifth edition of IEC 60335-2-15 are as follows (minor changes are not listed):

- added requirements for soy milk makers; •
- added requirements for dynamic pressure cookers;
- expanded requirements for cordless kettles to cover cordless appliances throughout document;

- reorganized 7.12 so that instructions related to generic types of appliances covered by this part are listed first;
- Jges.com converted notes to normative (5.2, 7.12, 19.101, 22.7, 22.106, 24.1.5, 24.4, 25.101) text;
- deleted Note in 19.102.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
61/4451/FDIS	61/4504484

Full information on the voting for the approval withis standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

drafted accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. This publication has been

This part 2 is to be used in conjunction with the latest edition of IEC 60335-1 and its amendments. It was established on the basis of the fifth edition (2010) of that standard.

NOTE 1 When "Part 1" is mentioned in this standard, it refers to IEC 60335-1.

This part 2 supplements or modifies the corresponding clauses in IEC 60335-1, so as to convert that publication into the IEC standard: Safety requirements for appliances for heating liquids.

When a particular subclause of Part 1 is not mentioned in this part 2, that subclause applies as far as is reasonable. When this standard states "addition", "modification" or "replacement", the relevant text in Part 1 is to be adapted accordingly.

NOTE 2 The following numbering system is used:

- subclauses, tables and figures that are numbered starting from 101 are additional to those in Part 1;
- unless notes are in a new subclause or involve notes in Part 1, they are numbered starting from 101, including those in a replaced clause or subclause;
- additional annexes are lettered AA, BB, etc.

NOTE 3 The following print types are used:

- requirements: in roman type;
- test specifications: in italic type;
- notes: in small roman type.

Words in **bold** in the text are defined in Clause 3. When a definition concerns an adjective, the adjective and the associated noun are also in bold.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn.
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

NOTE 4 The attention of National Committees is drawn to the fact that equipment manufacturers and testing organizations may need a transitional period following publication of a new, amended or revised IEC publication in which to make products in accordance with the new requirements and to equip themselves for conducting new or revised tests.

It is the recommendation of the committee that the content of this publication be adopted for implementation nationally not earlier than 12 months or later than 36 months from the date of publication.

A list of all parts of the IEC 60335 series, under the general title: Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety, can be found on the IEC website.

19.101: The test is not applicable (Japan).
25.8: A supply cord having a cross-sectional area of 0,75 mm² if the allowed for appliances having a rated current exceeding 6 A (Japan).
25.8: Longer supply cords are allowed (Japan).
25.8: Longer supply cords are allowed (Japan).

INTRODUCTION

It has been assumed in the drafting of this International Standard that the execution of its provisions is entrusted to appropriately qualified and experienced persons.

This standard recognizes the internationally accepted level of protection agains hazards such as electrical, mechanical, thermal, fire and radiation of appliances with operated as in normal use taking into account the manufacturer's instructions. Here, we overs abnormal situations that can be expected in practice and takes into ecoput the way in which electromagnetic phenomena can affect the safe operation of appliances.

This standard takes into account the requirements of IEC 60364 as far as possible so that there is compatibility with the wiring rules when the appliance is connected to the supply mains. However, national wiring rules may differ.

If an appliance within the cope of this standard also incorporates functions that are covered by another part 2 of IEC 60335, the relevant part 2 is applied to each function separately, as far as is reasonable. If applicable, the influence of one function on the other is taken into account.

When a part 2 standard does not include additional requirements to cover hazards dealt with in Part 1, Part 1 applies.

NOTE 1 This means that the technical committees responsible for the part 2 standards have determined that it is not necessary to specify particular requirements for the appliance in question over and above the general requirements.

This standard is a product family standard dealing with the safety of appliances and takes precedence over horizontal and generic standards covering the same subject.

NOTE 2 Horizontal and generic standards covering a hazard are not applicable since they have been taken into consideration when developing the general and particular requirements for the IEC 60335 series of standards. For example, in the case of temperature requirements for surfaces on many appliances, generic standards, such as ISO 13732-1 for hot surfaces, are not applicable in addition to Part 1 or part 2 standards.

An appliance that complies with the text of this standard will not necessarily be considered to comply with the safety principles of the standard if, when examined and tested, it is found to have other features that impair the level of safety covered by these requirements.

An appliance employing materials or having forms of construction differing from those detailed in the requirements of this standard may be examined and tested according to the intent of the requirements and, if found to be substantially equivalent, may be considered to comply with the standard.

HOUSEHOLD AND SIMILAR ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES -SAFETY -

C) Replacement

Interplacement This clause of Part 1 is replaced by the bollowing. This European Standard deals with the safet and similar purposes, their rated vert

NOTE Z102 Examples of appliances that are within the scope of this standard are

- coffee-makers,
- cooking pans,
- egg boilers,
- feeding-bottle heaters,
- kettles and other appliances for boiling water, having a rated capacity not exceeding 10 l,
- milk heaters,
- pressure cookers having a rated cooking pressure not exceeding 140 kPa and a rated capacity not exceeding 10 l,
- rice cookers,
- slow cookers,
- steam cookers,
- soy milk makers,
- tea makers,
- wash boilers,
- yoghurt makers.

Appliances intended to be used by laymen in shops and other premises for normal housekeeping purposes, are within the scope of this standard.

- NOTE Z103 Examples of such appliances are
 - glue pots with a water jacket, _
 - livestock feed boilers,
 - sterilizers. (C

C If the appliance is intended to be used professionally to process food for commercial consumption, that appliance is not considered to be for household or similar use only.

NOTE Z104 Examples of appliance for household environment are appliances for typical housekeeping functions used in the household environment that may also be used by non expert users for typical housekeeping functions:
in shops and other similar working environments;
in farm houses;
by clients in hotels, motels and other residential type environments;
in bed and breakfast type environments.

NOTE Z105 Household environmen include the dwelling and its associated buildings, the garden, etc.

As far as is practicable, this standard deals with the common hazards presented by appliances that are encountered by all persons in household and similar environments.

However, in general, it does not take into account **children** playing with appliances and their **use** by very young children.

It does not take into account the **use** of the following appliances by **children**:

- pressure cookers;
- glue pots with a water jacket;
- livestock feed boilers;
- sterilizers;
- soy milk makers;
- wash boilers.

It does not take into account the use of the following appliances by young children without supervision:

- cooking pans;
- slow cookers;
- steam cookers;
- tea makers;
- rice cookers:
- coffee makers;
- kettles;
- egg boilers; _
- milk heaters.

NOTE Z106 Feeding bottle heaters and yoghurt makers may be used by young children. C

C It is recognized that very vulnerable people may have needs beyond the level addressed in this standard.

NOTE Z107 Attention is drawn to the fact that

- for appliances intended to be used in vehicles or on board ships or aircraft, additional requirements in necessary,
- in many countries, additional requirements are specified by the national period difference of the protection of labour, the national water supply up to a storage water heaters (EN 60335-2-21), WWW

NOTE Z108 This standard does not apply to

- instantaneous water heater 35-2-35)
- surface-cleaning appliances employing liquids or steam (EN 60335-2-54),
- portable immersion heaters (EN 60335-2-74),
- commercial dispensing appliances and vending machines (EN 60335-2-75),
- appliances for medical purposes (EN 60601),
- appliances intended exclusively for industrial purposes,
- appliances intended to be used in locations where special conditions prevail, such as the presence of a corrosive or explosive atmosphere (dust, vapour or gas),
- appliances for high-frequency heating,
- pressure sterilizers,
- humidifiers for household and similar use (EN 60335-2-98).

NOTE Z109 Attention is drawn to the fact that in many countries requirements for pressure vessels are applied to pressure cookers. (C

Normative references 2

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

Terms and definitions 3

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

3.1.9 Replacement:

normal operation

operation of the appliance under the following conditions

3.1.9.101 Kettles, thermal pots, urns and other appliances for boiling water, coffee-makers, cooking pans, glue pots, milk heaters, slow cookers, sterilizers, wash boilers and yoghurt makers are operated with their container filled with the rated capacity of water, any lid being closed. The quantity of water in slow cookers is maintained above 50 % of their rated capacity.

Appliances with a heated surface intended to keep the liquid warm are operated with or without the container, whichever is the more unfavourable.

3.1.9.102 Egg boilers and steam cookers are operated with their containers filled with re-

3.1.9.103 Feeding-bottle heaters are operated with a bottle of heat-resident glass, ro or hexagonal in shape, having a mass between 190 g and 2000 and 200 lass, round or hexagonal in shape, having a mass between 190 g and 2000 and a capacity of approximately 225 ml, unless a particular bottle is specified, in which case that bottle is used. The bottle is filled to approximately its rated capacity of vater or 200 ml, whichever is less, and is placed in the feeding-bottle heater. The feature is filled with water to the level specified in the instructions or, in the absence of instructions, to the maximum level. 3.1.9.104 Livestock feed boilers are or and with the lid closed, the container being filled with half its rated capacity of water or 200 ml.

with half its rated capacity of war

3.1.9.105 Pressure cooke rs are operated in accordance with the instructions but with the container filled with water to a depth of 25 mm.

3.1.9.106 Rice cookers are operated with the rice container filled with water to the level of maximum rated capacity. Water is added to maintain the level during boiling.

When operated in the keep-warm mode, the **rice cooker** is operated with the rice container empty.

3.1.9.107 Soy milk makers are operated with the container filled with soy beans in accordance with the instructions and water to the rated capacity.

3.101

rated capacity

capacity assigned to the appliance by the manufacturer

3.102

rated cooking pressure

pressure assigned to the appliance by the manufacturer

3.103

espresso coffee-maker

coffee-maker in which water is heated and forced through the ground coffee by steam pressure or by means of a pump

Note 1 to entry: Espresso coffee-makers may have an outlet for supplying steam or hot water.

3.104

feeding-bottle heater

appliance for heating prepared baby food in a feeding-bottle to a predetermined temperature, heat being transferred by means of water

3.105

pressure regulator

control that maintains the pressure at a particular value during normal use

3.106

pressure-relief device

control that limits the pressure under abnormal operating conditions

3.107

cordless kettle

kettle incorporating a heating element and which is connected to the supply only when placed

steam cooker appliance in which food is heated by steam generated at atmospheric criston 3.109 rice cooker appliance for cooking rice that is placed in a detaphable container, the container being placed within the appliance when cooking Note 1 to entry: Rice cookers may here a keep warm function

Note 2 to entry: Rice cookers ina cook food other than rice.

3.110

induction rice cooker

rice cooker that heats the rice container by means of eddy currents

Note 1 to entry: The eddy currents are induced in the rice container or lid or rice container and lid by the electromagnetic field of a coil.

3.111

cordless appliance

appliance incorporating a heating element and which is connected to the supply only when placed on its associated stand

3.112

dynamic pressure cooker

pressure cooker which reduces the pressure by a dynamic action of an elastic part

3.113

soy milk maker

appliance with heating, pulverising and agitating functions that are intended to make soy milk

General requirement 4

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

5 General conditions for the tests

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

5.2 Addition:

If the test of 15.101 has to be carried out, three additional samples are required.

5.3 Addition:

The test of 19.101 is carried out after the other tests.

5.101 Induction rice cookers are tested as motor-operated appliances.

Classification 6

...arking and instructions

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as for West

7.1

Addition:
Appliances intended to by Addially immaximum level of immersion

Do not immerse beyond this level.

Kettles shall have a level mark or other means to indicate when they are filled to rated capacity, unless they cannot be filled beyond their rated capacity. This indication shall be visible when the kettle is in the filling position. If the level mark is not self-evident, there shall be a reference to this mark on the outside of the kettle which shall be visible when the kettle is in its normal position of use.

If the closed position of the lid of a pressure cooker is not obvious, this position shall be marked on the appliance.

Stands provided with cordless appliances shall be marked with

- the name, trademark or identification mark of the manufacturer or responsible vendor;
- the model or type reference.

Soy milk makers shall have a level mark or other means to indicate when they are filled to rated capacity, unless they cannot be filled beyond their rated capacity.

 \mathbb{C} When the provisions of footnote b to Table Z101 apply, the appliance shall be marked with

- the substance of "CAUTION: Hot surface", or
- symbol IEC 60417-5041.

The warning shall be put on the surface of the appliance having the highest temperature and shall be visible during normal use.

7.6 Add the following:



[symbol IEC 60417-5041] Caution, hot surface

7.10 Replace the text beginning by "Devices used to start/stop operational..." and ending in the paragraph starting with "An ON/OFF switch, if any,..." included NOTE Z1 and NOTE Z2 by the following:

The accessible switch required by 22.40 shall be distinguished from other manual devices by means of shape, or size, or surface texture, or position, etc. (C)

 \mathbb{C} An indication that the device has been operated shall be given by:

- a tactile feedback, or •

NOTE Z1 The sound of the motor or sound of an actuator switching ON/OFF is depred as audible feedback. The stopping of the typical function (e.g. stopping of the vibration on the boty of the appliance or of a part of it) is regarded as tactile means. NOTE Z2 Devices used to start/stop operational to start/stop the intended function of the start/stop operational to start/stop the intended function of the start/stop operational to start/stop the intended function of the start/stop operational to start/stop the intended function of the start/stop operational to start/stop the intended function of the start/stop operational to start/stop the intended function of the start/stop operational to start/stop the intended function of the start/stop operational to start/sto

NOTE Z2 Devices used to start/stop operational functions mean devices that are operated by the user to start/stop the intended function of the appliance. A selector switch with an off-position clearly deminable is allowed.

ctristered a suitable device to stop operational functions. A plug is not An ON/OFF switch, if any, is considered a suitable device to stop operational functions, as it can be difficult to be reached by vulnerable persons.

7.12 Addition:

The instructions for appliances shall include the substance of the following:

This appliance is intended to be used in household and similar applications such as:

- staff kitchen areas in shops, offices and other working environments;
- farm houses:
- by clients in hotels, motels and other residential type environments;
- bed and breakfast type environments.

If the manufacturer wants to limit the use of the appliance to less than the above, this must be clearly stated in the instructions.

The instructions for appliances incorporating an appliance inlet, and intended to be partially or fully immersed in water for cleaning, shall state that the connector must be removed before the appliance is cleaned and that the appliance inlet must be dried before the appliance is used again.

The instructions for appliances normally cleaned after use, and not intended to be immersed in water for cleaning, shall state that the appliance must not be immersed. This requirement normally applies to coffee-makers, cooking pans, milk heaters, pressure cookers, steam cookers, slow cookers, soy milk makers and yoghurt makers.

The instructions for appliances intended to be used with a connector incorporating a thermostat shall state that only the appropriate connector must be used.

Unless kettles are constructed so that a hazard cannot arise from boiling water being ejected, the instructions shall state that if the kettle is overfilled, boiling water may be ejected.

The instructions for kettles filled through a lid aperture situated below the handle shall include the substance of the following:

- WARNING: Do not remove the lid while the water is boiling.
- CAUTION: Position the lid so that steam is directed away from the handle.

The caution statement is not required if the lid can only be closed so that steam is directed away from the handle.

The instructions for **cordless appliances** shall state that the appliance is only to be used w the stand provided.

If the appliance and stand or **corgress** apprended the substance of the handle of the appliance, the instructions shall include the substance of the substance If the appliance and stand of cordless appliances can be lifted together ipping the slowing:

CAUTION: Insure that the appliance is switched off before energing it from its stand. The instructions for **feeding-bottle heaters** shall state

- that the food should not be heated for the heated for theated for the heated for the heated for the heated fore
- how to check that the correct food temperature has not been exceeded.

The instructions for press n kers, other than dynamic pressure cookers, shall state that the ducts in the pressure regulator allowing the escape of steam should be checked regularly to ensure that they are not blocked.

The instructions for **pressure cookers** shall also give details of how to open the container safely and state that the container must not be opened until the pressure has decreased sufficiently.

The instructions for egg boilers provided with a pricking device shall contain the substance of the following:

CAUTION: Avoid injuries from the egg pricking device.

For espresso coffee-makers incorporating a pressurized reservoir filled by the user, the instructions shall contain information for the safe refilling of the water reservoir and the substance of the following:

WARNING: The filling aperture must not be opened during use.

The instructions for all appliances shall include:

- a warning to avoid spillage on the connector
- details on how to clean the surfaces in contact with food
- a warning of potential injury from misuse
- a statement that the heating element surface is subject to residual heat after use.

The instructions for **sov milk makers** shall also include a statement that care shall be taken when handling the sharp cutting blades, emptying the container and during cleaning.

The instruction for soy milk makers incorporating a switch necessary for compliance with 22.40 shall include the substance of the following:

Switch off the appliance and disconnect from supply before changing accessories or approaching parts that move in use.

C 7.12 **Replace** the third and fourth paragraph of Part 1 with the following:

The instructions for pressure cookers, glue pots with a water jacket, livestock feed boilers, sterilizers, soy milk makers, wash boilers shall include the substance of the following:

This appliance shall not be used by children. Keep the appliance and its cord out of reach of children. (C

C The instructions for cooking pans, slow cookers, **steam cookers**, **rice cookers**, coffee-makers, kettles, egg boilers, milk heaters, tea makers shall include the substance of the following:

This appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and if they understand the hazards involved. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children unless they are older than 8 and supervised. Keep the appliance and its cord out of reach of children aged less than 8 years.

The instructions for feeding bottle heaters, yoghurt makers shart not de the substance of the following:

This appliance can be used by children appliance in 3 years and above if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning used of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children unless they are aged from 8 years and above and supervised. Keep the appliance and its cord out of reach of children agroups than 3 years.

The instructions shall also include the substance of the following:

Appliances can be used by persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved.

Children shall not play with the appliance.

If symbol IEC 60417-5041 is marked on the appliance, the instructions shall state that surfaces are liable to get hot during use.

7.14 Addition:

The height of symbol IEC 60417-5041 shall be at least 8 mm.

The height of the warning "CAUTION. Hot surface" shall be at least 4 mm (measured on the capital letters). (C

8 Protection against access to live parts

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

8.1.2 Addition:

NOTE 101 Connecting devices in stands of cordless appliances are not considered to be socket-outlets.

9 Starting of motor-operated appliances

This clause of Part 1 is not applicable.

10 Power input and current

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

11 Heating

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

11.2 Addition:

Portable appliances are tested away from the walls of the test corner.

NOTE 101 If the magnetic field of an **induction rice cooker** unduly influences the results the temperature rises can be determined using platinum resistances with twisted connecting wires or any end using platinum resistances. For flat surfaces, temperature rises of the accessible front of the formation of the probe in ord " C For flat surfaces, temperature rises of the accessible front surface are measured using the probe of Figure Z101. The probe is applied with a force of $4 N \pm 4$ (to the surface in such a way that the best possible contact between the probe and the surface is ensured. NOTE Z101 Any measuring instrument giving the same results as the probe may be used.

Α F D C

Key

- А adhesive
- В thermocouple wires 0.3 mm diameter to EN 60584-1 Type K (chrome alumel)
- С handle arrangement permitting a contact force of 4 N ± 1 N
- D polycarbonate tube: inside diameter 3 mm, outside diameter 5 mm
- Е tinned copper disc: 5 mm diameter, 0,5 mm thick

NOTE The contact face of the disc is to be flat.

Figure Z101 – Probe for measuring flat surface temperatures C

11.4 Addition:

If the temperature rise limits are exceeded in appliances incorporating motors, transformers or electronic circuits, and if the power input is lower than the rated power input, the test is repeated with the appliance supplied at 1,06 times the rated voltage.

11.6 Addition:

Combined appliances are operated as heating appliances.

11.7 Replacement:

Appliances are operated for the duration specified in 11.7.101 to 11.7.105.

11.7.101 For kettles incorporating a temperature limiter, the temperature limiter is reset 1 min after it has operated or as soon as possible afterwards. The test is terminated after the temperature limiter has operated for the second time.

For kettles incorporating a thermostat, the test is terminated 15 min after the water has attained a temperature of 95 °C.

For other kettles, the test is terminated 5 min after the water has attained a temperature 95 °C.

11.7.102 For cooking pans, egg boilers, **feeding-bottle heaters**, glue **con**, boilers, milk heaters, sterilizers, wash boilers and for appliances the boiler is the test is terminated. tock feed water other than kettles, the test is terminated

- for appliances without a thermal control, 15 mines water in the container has
- attained a temperature of 95 °C or the maximum temperature it can attain if this is lower; for **portable appliances** provided with a normal control, 15 min after the thermal control has operated for the first time;
- for **fixed appliances** provided with a thermal control, 30 min after the thermal control has operated for the first time
- 1 min after a continuous or repetitive acoustic signal having intervals of less than 5 s has sounded:
- when steady conditions are established, for egg boilers having provision for keeping eggs warm, and appliances having a heated surface intended to keep liquid warm.

11.7.103 Slow cookers, rice cookers, steam cookers and yoghurt makers are operated until steady conditions are established. Slow cookers are prewarmed in the dry state if this instruction is given.

11.7.104 Espresso coffee-makers are operated in accordance with the instructions, the coffee filter being filled with the maximum quantity of coffee of the type specified. The brewing period is followed by a rest period of 1 min or the period stated in the instructions, if this is longer. The water container is refilled during the rest periods.

For automatic espresso coffee makers and espresso coffee makers provided with a coffee pot, the brewing period is the time necessary to produce the maximum quantity of coffee allowed by the timer or by the capacity of the coffee pot.

For manual espresso coffee makers, if the maximum quantity of coffee to be produced is not specified in the instructions, the brewing period is the time necessary to produce 100 ml of coffee for each cycle.

For espresso coffee-makers having an outlet for supplying steam or hot water, the brewing period is immediately followed by a period during which the steam or water is supplied for the time stated in the instructions or for the following periods, whichever is more unfavourable:

- for espresso coffee-makers having an outlet for supplying steam, 1 min;
- for espresso coffee-makers having an outlet for supplying hot water, the time necessary to produce 100 ml of water.

NOTE The steam is blown into a vessel containing cold water.

Espresso coffee-makers are operated until steady conditions are established.

Other coffee-makers are operated for the time necessary to make the maximum quantity of coffee stated in the instructions. The container is then refilled as quickly as possible and the coffee-maker operated again.

The procedure is repeated until steady conditions are established.

11.7.105 Pressure cookers are operated for 15 min after attaining the maximum cooking pressure.

When an appliance connector incorporates a thermostat, the temperature rise limit for the pins of the inlet does not apply. The temperature rise limits of motors, transformers and components of electronic circuits, including parts directly influenced by them, may be exceeded when the appliance is operated at 1,15 times rated power input.

C 11.8 Modification:

measured with thermocouples are monitored continuously and shall not exceed the values shown in Table 3 and the temperature rises measured with the probe of Figure Z101 or thermocouples shall not exceed the values of Table Z101 in accordance with 11.Z101 and 11.Z102".

In Table 3, delete the row "External enclosure of motor-operated appliances, except handles held in normal use" and the corresponding footnotes.

Surface ^d	Temperature rise ^{a, b} K
Bare metal	45
Coated metal ^e	55
Glass and ceramic	60
Plastic and plastic coating > 0,3 mm ^c	65

Table Z101 – Maximum temperature rises of external enclosures under normal operating conditions

In addition to surfaces described under 11.Z101 the following surfaces or elements shall not be taken into consideration:

hot functional surface: surface which is intentionally heated by an internal heat source and which has to be hot to carry • out the function for which the equipment is intended to be used;

vessels that contain hot liquids and that become hot through conduction by a heated part of the appliance (e.g. coffee pots in percolator type coffee makers and kettles);

handles or control knobs including keypads, keyboards and the like;

surfaces of heated cavities or surfaces adjacent to the functional areas inside the compartment.

When, due to the construction or dimensional limitations of the appliance, the required values cannot be met, the maximum temperature rise shall not be higher than twice the values indicated. In such cases, a warning shall be marked on the appliance.

The temperature rise limit of plastic also applies for plastic material having a metal finish of thickness less than 0,1 mm.

d When the thickness of the plastic coating does not exceed 0,3 mm, the temperature rise limits of the coated metal or of glass and ceramic material apply.

Metal is considered coated when a coating having a minimum thickness of 80 µm made by enamel or non substantially plastic coating is used.

11.Z101 For coffee makers, milk heaters, egg boilers, cooking pans, slow cookers, steam cookers, pressure cookers, wash boilers, rice cookers, glue pots with a water jacket, livestock feed boilers, sterilizers, soy milk makers, tea makers, kettles and other appliances for boiling water, having a rated capacity not exceeding 10 l, the temperature rise limits in Table Z101 apply. (C)

C The appliance is supplied at rated voltage and operated under normal operation.

Temperature rises are not measured on

- the lids,
- surfaces within 25 mm from
 - 0
 - 0
 - 0
- enclosure at a distance within 25-mm
- Live ventilation openings, the edge of the hot functional surface. The edge of the hot underside surfaces that without appreciable force

11.Z102 For feeding-bottle heaters and yoghurt makers the temperature rise limits in Table Z101 apply.

The appliance is supplied at **rated voltage** and operated under **normal operation**.

12 Void

13 Leakage current and electric strength at operating temperature

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

14 Transient overvoltages

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

15 Moisture resistance

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

15.2 Addition:

The test is only carried out with the appliance connector in position.

In case of doubt, the spillage test is carried out with the appliance deviating from the normal position of use by an angle not exceeding 5°.

Kettles that can be filled through the spout are also tested on a plane inclined at an angle of 20° to the horizontal, with the spout uppermost. The kettle is filled with water containing approximately 1 % NaCl to the maximum level, if this indication is visible from the filling position, otherwise until water spills from the kettle. A further quantity, equal to 15 % of the rated capacity of the kettle, is then added as quickly as possible.

Kettles are then filled to rated capacity with water. They are placed on a plane inclined at an angle of 20° to the horizontal with their spout facing up the slope of the inclined plane. Water shall not be discharged from the kettle.

For **cordless appliances**, the test with the appliance on the horizontal plane is carried out with the appliance both on and off its stand. The additional test for kettles that can be filled through the spout is carried out only with the **cordless kettle** off its stand, the kettle being replaced on its stand in order to carry out the electric strength test of 16.3.

For coffee makers provided with a removable coffee pot, the liquid container is thed with maximum amount of water containing 1 % NaCl. The funnel is placed in position but without placing the coffee pot in position. The appliance is switched on a conserved until the container is empty. Modification: For steam sterilizers, replace the penulting paragraph of this subclause of Part 1 by the following: Steam sterilizers are proven a horizontal surface and 30 ml of water containing

Steam sterilizers are p a horizontal surface and 30 ml of water containing approximately 1 % NaCl is poured onto the top rim in the most unfavourable place. The solution is poured steadily through a tube having an inner diameter of 8 mm over a period of 2 s, the lower end of the tube being 200 mm above the appliance.

NOTE 101 A schematic representation of the test arrangement is shown in Figure 101.

For rice cookers, the test specified in Part 1 shall be conducted with the rice container in place.

15.101 Appliances intended to be partially or completely immersed in water for cleaning shall have adequate protection against the effects of immersion.

Compliance is checked by the following tests, which are carried out on three additional appliances.

The appliances are operated under **normal operation** at 1,15 times **rated power input**, until the thermostat operates for the first time. Appliances without a thermostat are operated until steady conditions are established. The appliances are disconnected from the supply, any appliance connector being withdrawn. They are then completely immersed in water containing approximately 1 % NaCl and having a temperature between 10 °C and 25 °C, unless they are marked with the maximum level of immersion, in which case they are immersed 50 mm deeper than this level.

After 1 h, the appliances are removed from the saline solution, dried and subjected to the leakage current test of 16.2.

NOTE Care is taken to ensure that all moisture is removed from the insulation around the pins of appliance inlets.

This test is carried out four more times, after which the appliances shall withstand the electric strength test of 16.3, the voltage being as specified in Table 4.

The appliance having the highest leakage current after the fifth immersion is dismantled and inspection shall show that there is no trace of liquid on insulation that could result in a reduction of *clearances* and *creepage distances* below the values specified in Clause 29.

The remaining two appliances are operated under **normal operation** at 1,15 times **rated** power input for 240 h. After this period, the appliances are disconnected from the supply and immersed again for 1 h. They are then dried and subjected to the electric strength test of 16.3, the voltage being as specified in Table 4.

Inspection shall show that there is no trace of liquid on insulation that could result in a reduction of *clearances* and *creepage distances* below the values specified in Clause 29.

15.102 The connecting devices of stands for **cordless appliances** shall not be affected by water.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

The stand is placed on a horizontal surface and 30 ml of water containing approximately 1 % NaCl is poured onto the connecting device. The solution is poured steadily through a tube having an inner diameter of 8 mm over a period of 2 s, the lower part of the tube being 200 mm above the connecting device.

NOTE A schematic representation of the test arrangement is store figure 101

The stand shall then withstand the electric strength test of 16.3, the test voltage for reinforced insulation being 2 500 V.

15.103 The interior of **rise cohers** shall not be affected by water.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

The **rice cooker** is placed on a horizontal surface, with the rice container removed and 30 ml of water containing approximately 1 % NaCl is poured on to the centre of the bottom of the interior of the **rice cooker**. The saline solution is poured steadily through a tube having an inner diameter of 8 mm and a length of 30 mm, over a period of 2 s, the lower end of the tube being 200 mm above the bottom of the **rice cooker**.

NOTE A schematic representation of the test arrangement is shown in Figure 101.

The **rice cooker** shall then withstand the electric strength test of 16.3.

16 Leakage current and electric strength

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

17 Overload protection of transformers and associated circuits

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

18 Endurance

This clause of Part 1 is not applicable.

19 Abnormal operation

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

19.1 Addition:

Kettles are not subjected to the test of 19.2.

Kettles are also subjected to the test of 19.101, unless the appliance incorporates a **non-self-resetting thermal cut-out** that is not resettable by the user, in order to comply with 19.4.

Kettles for which compliance with 19.101 relies on the operation of a **self-resetting thermal** *cut-out* are also subjected to the test of 19.102.

19.2 Addition:

Appliances are placed as near as possible to the walls of the test corner. They are tested empty with lids open or closed whichever is more unfavourable.

Induction rice cookers are operated under the conditions of Clause 11 with the rice container empty. 19.3 Addition: Kettles are operated empty at 1,15 times rated power input. The test is also carried out with the ketter illed with sufficient water to cover the heating element, or to a depth of 10 mm if the heating element is not positioned inside the container, the lid being open or closed, which ever is more unfavourable.

19.4 Addition:

For pressure cookers,

- all pressure regulating devices are rendered inoperative; and
- in other than dynamic pressure cookers, all protective devices that vent steam and intentionally weak parts that vent steam are rendered inoperative; and
- in dynamic pressure cookers, all protective devices, other than intentionally weak parts, that vent steam are rendered inoperative.

19.7 Addition:

Espresso coffee-makers incorporating a pump are operated for a period of 5 min.

Soy milk makers are operated for one cycle of operation.

19.13 Addition:

During the test of 19.4, protective devices of pressure cookers other than dynamic pressure cookers shall operate before the pressure has reached 350 kPa.

During the test of 19.4, protective devices or intentionally weak parts of dynamic pressure cookers shall operate before the pressure has reached 250 kPa.

The temperature rise of the windings of induction rice cookers shall not exceed the values specified in 19.7.

The electric strength test of **induction rice cookers** is carried out immediately after switching off the appliance.

19.101 *Kettles are placed on a plywood board having a thickness of approximately 20 mm.* The thermal cut out that operates during the test of 19.4 and all thermal controls that operate during the test of Cause 11 are short circuited simultaneously and the kettle is operated empty at 0,85 times rated power input or 1,15 times rated power input, whichever is more unfavourable. If the kettle incorporates more than one thermal cut-out that could operate during the test of 19.4, they are short circuited in turn.

During the test, any flames shall be kept within the enclosure of the kettle and the supporting surface shall not ignite.

After the test, **live parts** shall not be accessible and the other requirements of 19.13 are not applicable.

- 24 -

19.102 Kettles incorporating two self-resetting thermal cut-outs are operated with one the thermal cut-outs short circuited. The kettle is operated empty at 0,85 times rate

Within 2 s of the other thermal cut-out operating, the kettle is filed with water having a temperature of 15 °C \pm 5 °C. After 1 min, the kettle is emptied. The test is carried out 100 times. **19.103** For appliances with detachable lipho containers, the automatic transfer of liquid from one container to another shall not give lise to an electrical hazard if they are incorrectly positioned.

Compliance is checked by assembling the appliance with its receiving container incorrectly positioned or removed. The water discharge pipe is incorrectly positioned if this is more unfavourable. The appliance is operated as specified in Clause 11 but for one cycle only.

The appliance shall then withstand the electric strength test of 16.3 and inspection shall show that there is no trace of water on insulation that could result in the reduction of clearances and creepage distances below the values specified in Clause 29.

19.104 The overloading of a **soy milk maker** shall not result in a hazard.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

Soy milk makers are placed on a plywood board having a thickness of approximately 20 mm and operated under the conditions of clause 11 with the container filled with 2 times the maximum mass of the soy beans specified in the instructions and water to rated capacity.

During the test, any flames shall be kept within the enclosure and the supporting surface shall not ignite.

After the test, live parts shall not be accessible.

19.105 When a **soy milk maker** is disconnected from the supply accidently during normal use, it shall not result in a hazard.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

Soy milk makers are placed on a plywood board having a thickness of approximately 20 mm and operated under the conditions of Clause 11. The appliance shall be disconnected from the supply at the most unfavourable time during the cycle. The soy milk maker is then restarted with a new cycle of operation without changing the load.

During the test, any flames shall be kept within the enclosure and the supporting surface shall not ignite.

After the test, live parts shall not be accessible.

20 Stability and mechanical hazards

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

20.101 The container and cutting blades of soy milk makers shall have recentate mechanical strength.
Compliance is checked by the following test.
The soy milk maker is supplied at rated voltage and is operated continuously with the container filled with dry soy beans to the rated capacity. The test is carried out as follows:
for appliances with accumulated and the following test.

- for appliances with accumulated working time of the motor during one cycle not exceeding
 4 min, the test is conducted for the accumulated working time of the motor during one complete working cycle plus min
- for appliances with adcunu ted working time of the motor during one cycle exceeding 4 min, the test is conducted for the accumulated working time of the motor during one complete working cycle.

Care needs to be taken to ensure that the cutting blades are not jammed by the soy beans, and that they rotate continuously during the test.

After the test, the container and cutting blades shall not be broken; however, distorted and blunt edges are ignored.

20.102 The rotating parts of **soy milk makers** shall be secured so that they do not become loose during operation.

Compliance is checked by inspection and manual test.

Fastening of screws and nuts in a direction opposite to the direction of rotation of the rotating parts is considered to be a suitable means of securing the rotating parts.

20.103 The lid interlock, if any, of **soy milk makers** shall be constructed so that accidental operation of the appliance is prevented. Lid interlock switches shall be **biased-off switches**.

If there is an interlock between the lid and the main switch, the lid shall be locked when the switch is in the on position. When the lid is not correctly closed, the switch shall be locked in the off position.

Compliance is checked by inspection, by manual test and by applying test probe B of IEC 61032.

21 Mechanical strength

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

21.1 Addition:

Breakage of glass parts is neglected provided that compliance with 8.1, 15.1 and 15.101 is not impaired.

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

22.6 Addition:
Drain holes shall be at least 5 mm in diameter or 20 mm² in area with Obth of at least 3 mm.
Compliance is also checked by measurement.
22.7 Addition:
Espresso coffee-makers are filled with vater to their rated capacity and operated at rated power input with the coffee filler blocked and any valve for the supply of steam closed. The maximum pressure attaced processed of the processed of the supply of steam closed. The maximum pressure attaced processed of the procesed of the processe **power input** with the coffee, full blocked and any valve for the supply of steam closed. The maximum pressure attained to measured. The appliance is then subjected to twice the measured pressure for 5 min.

The overpressure may be supplied from an external source, care being taken to ensure that the espresso coffee-maker is at the normal temperature for brewing.

If the valve for steam supply is linked to the switch used for starting the production of steam. this link is not to be disturbed while measuring the maximum pressure.

The appliance shall not rupture, there shall be no leakage other than through a self-resetting pressure-relief device and the appliance shall be suitable for further use.

Controls that limit the pressure are rendered inoperative and the appliance is operated again as described for determining the maximum pressure.

The appliance shall not explode or emit hazardous jets of steam. If an intentionally weak part ruptures, the test is repeated on a second appliance and shall be terminated in the same mode.

All pressure regulators and pressure-relief devices of pressure cookers except dynamic pressure cookers are rendered inoperative and the lid is closed. The pressure is gradually increased hydraulically to two times the operating pressure of the pressure relief device during the test of 19.4.

For dynamic pressure cookers, the pressure is gradually increased hydraulically to 50 kPa in excess of the operating pressure of the pressure relief device or intentionally weak part during the test of 19.4.

The container shall not rupture.

22.40 Addition:

For soy milk makers, any switch controlling the motor shall also disconnect electronic circuits, if their malfunction would impair compliance with this standard.

Compliance is checked by the tests of Clause 19.

C Appliances except eggs boilers, feeding bottle heaters, yogurt makers and slow cookers shall be fitted with an accessible switch or other means to stop operational functions of the appliance.

22.101 Kettles shall be constructed so that the lid does not fall off when water is poured out.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

The kettle is filled to its **rated capacity** and the lid closed in accordance with the instructions. The kettle is supplied at **rated voltage** and operated until the water boils. Approximately 90 % of the water is poured from the kettle in the normal way. The lid shall no value of and water shall only be emitted from the spout.

22.102 Kettles shall be constructed so that there are no succen jets of steam or hot water likely to expose the user to a hazard when the appliance is used as in normal use.

NOTE Normal use takes into account the instruction oncerning the position of the lid and the likely position of the user's hands when gripping the handle.

Compliance is checked by interest on during the test of Clause 11.

22.103 The appliance coupler of **cordless appliances** shall be constructed to withstand the stresses occurring during normal use.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

The two live pins of the appliance are connected together and an external resistive load is connected in series with the supply. The external load is such that the current is 1,1 times **rated current**.

The appliance is placed on its stand and withdrawn

-	for cordless kettles ,	10 000 times
—	for cordless coffee makers ,	10 000 times
_	for other cordless appliances,	6 000 times

at a rate of approximately 10 times per minute. The test is continued without current flowing for a further 10 000 times for **cordless kettles** and **cordless coffee makers** and 6 000 times for other **cordless appliances**.

If a single stand is supplied with more than one **cordless appliance**, the test for each **cordless appliance** shall be carried out using the same stand.

After the test, the appliance shall be suitable for further use and compliance with 8.1, 16.3, 27.5 and Clause 29 shall not be impaired.

The test is carried out without current flowing if the connection contacts cannot make or break on load.

22.104 Portable appliances for boiling water that have a **rated capacity** exceeding 3 I, and which are liable to overturn, shall be constructed so that the rate of discharge is limited.

Compliance is checked by the following test, appliances incorporating an appliance inlet being fitted with a cord set.

The appliance is filled with water to its **rated capacity** and the lid closed in accordance with the instructions. It is placed on a horizontal plane in any position of normal use but orientated to produce the most unfavourable result.

The plane is slowly inclined to an angle of 25°. If the appliance overturns, it is left in this position for 10 s and then returned to its normal position. The quantity of water remaining is measured. The rate of discharge of water is determined from the formula:

where $D = \frac{60 (C_1 - C_2)}{t}$ where D is the rate of discharge of water; C_1 is the **rated capacity** in litres; C_2 is the remaining quantity of water in litres; t is the duration of the discharge water only beconds, measured from the time the appliance overturns.

The rate of discharge of water not exceed 16 l/min.

NOTE Suitable means can be used to prevent the appliance from slipping on the inclined plane.

22.105 Fixed appliances for boiling water shall be constructed so that the container is always open to the atmosphere through an aperture of at least 5 mm in diameter, or 20 mm² in area with a width of at least 3 mm. The aperture shall be located so that it is unlikely to be obstructed in normal use.

If the appliance has provision for discharging steam or for water overflow, the discharge aperture shall be at the base of the appliance and shall discharge vertically downwards.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by measurement.

22.106 Espresso coffee-makers shall be constructed so that it is not possible to remove the coffee filter by a simple operation while there is a hazardous pressure within the container.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by manual test. This requirement is considered to be met if the coffee filter can only be removed after it has been rotated through an angle of at least 30°.

22.107 Pressure cookers shall incorporate a non-self-resetting pressure or temperature responsive pressure-relief device.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

22.108 Pressure cookers shall be constructed so that the lid cannot be removed while the pressure within the container is excessive. They shall incorporate a means to release the pressure to a value such that the lid can be removed without risk.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

The pressure cooker is operated as specified in Clause 11 until the pressure regulator operates for the first time.

The pressure cooker is then disconnected from the supply and the pressure allowed to decrease until the pressure is 4 kPa. A force of 100 N is applied to the most unfavourable point where the lid or its handle can be gripped. It shall not be possible to remove the lid.

The internal pressure is then gradually reduced, the force of 100 N being maintained. There shall be no hazardous displacement of the lid when it is released.

This test is not carried out on pressure cookers when the lid is secured by screw clamp This test is not carried out on pressure cookers when the lid is secured by screw clamps of other devices that ensure that the pressure is automatically reduced in a controlled ranker before the lid can be removed.
22.109 Pressure cookers shall be constructed so that the pressure is not excessive when the lid is not closed or is incorrectly fitted.
Compliance is checked by the following test.
The pressure cooker is operated under the bonditions of Clause 11 with the lid fitted in the most unfavourable position that allows the pressure cooker to operate.

The pressure in the contain shall not exceed 4,0 kPa.

22.110 Feeding-bottle heaters shall emit a visible or audible signal to indicate that the heating period is terminated.

Compliance is checked by inspection during the test of Clause 11.

22.111 Espresso coffee-makers, incorporating a pressurized reservoir filled by the user, shall be constructed so that there is no spillage of water or sudden jets of steam or hot water likely to expose the user to a hazard when the appliance is used in accordance with the instructions.

When removing the filling cap of the pressurized reservoir, before the cap is removed completely, the pressure shall be relieved in a controlled manner in order to avoid the emission of jets of steam or hot water that are likely to expose the user to a hazard.

Compliance is checked by inspection during the test of Clause 11 and by removing the filling cap at the end of the test.

22.112 Soy milk makers shall be constructed so that steam or hot water are not ejected which may expose the user to a hazard.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

22.113 Appliances with moving mechanical parts shall be constructed so that lubricants are prevented from polluting food compartments.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

22.114 Appliances shall be constructed so that food or liquids are prevented from penetrating into places that could cause electrical or mechanical faults.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

23 Internal wiring

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

Switches incorporated in espresso coffee-makers for initiating brewing research by the steaming are subjected to 10 000 cycles of operation. Switches incorporated in dynamic pressure cookerstanding and are tool appliance supplied Switches incorporated in **dynamic pressure cookers** (a) dontro 50 000 cycles of operation and are tested under the condit appliance supplied at **rated voltage**.

Self-resetting thermal cut-outs required for compliance with the test of 19.101 are subjected to 3 000 cycles of operation.

24.1.5 Addition:

For appliance couplers incorporating thermostats, thermal cut-outs or fuses in the connectors, IEC 60320-1 is applicable except that

- the earthing contact of the connector is allowed to be accessible, provided that this contact is not likely to be gripped during insertion or withdrawal of the connector;
- the temperature required for the test of Clause 18 is that measured on the pins of the appliance inlet during the test of Clause 11 of this standard;
- the breaking-capacity test of Clause 19 is carried out using the inlet of the appliance;
- the temperature rise of current-carrying parts specified in Clause 21 is not determined.

Thermal controls are not allowed in connectors complying with the standard sheets of IEC 60320-1.

24.4 Addition:

This requirement is not applicable to the connection between the appliance and the stand of cordless appliances.

24.101 Devices incorporated in appliances, other than kettles, for compliance with 19.4, shall be non-self-resetting. However, self-resetting thermal cut-outs are allowed for fixed water boilers if they have been subjected to 10 000 cycles of operation.

Compliance is checked by inspection and during the test of 19.4.

25 Supply connection and external flexible cords

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

25.1 Addition:

Appliances incorporating an appliance inlet, other than those standardized in IEC 60320-1, shall be supplied with a cord set.

25.5 Addition:

Type Z attachment is allowed for egg boilers, feeding-bottle heaters, steam sterilizers, yoghurt makers and stands of cordless appliances.
25.7 Addition:
The supply cord of livestock feed boilers shall be polychloroprene or structured.
25.8 Addition:
Portable appliances having a rated current by to 10 A may incorporate a supply cord having a nominal cross-sectional area and to mm², if the length is less than 2 m.
25.22 Addition:

Soy milk maker inlets shall be located so that pollution by soy milk is unlikely to occur during normal use.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

25.101 Supply cords of kettles shall not be longer than 75 cm, unless they are helically coiled.

Compliance is checked by measurement.

If a cordless kettle has a cord storage facility, the length of the cord is measured after storing as much of the cord as possible.

The length of the cord is measured between the plug and the point where the cord or cord quard enters the appliance.

26 Terminals for external conductors

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

27 Provision for earthing

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

28 Screws and connections

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

29 Clearances, creepage distances and solid insulation

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

29.2 Addition:

The microenvironment is pollution degree 3 if the insulation can be polluted by condensation from steam produced during normal use of the appliance.

30 Resistance to heat and fire

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

For coffee-makers, egg boilers, kettles and steam cookers, the temperature fises occurring during the tests of 19.4, 19.5 and 19.101 are not taken into account and the fises occurring **30.2** Addition: For water distillers, appliances incorporating a relayed start timer and appliances intended to maintain liquid or food at a particular representative, 30.2.3 is applicable. For other appliances, 30.2.2 is applicable.

31 Resistance to rusting

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

32 Radiation, toxicity and similar hazards

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.



Dimensions in millimetres

Key

- A funnel tube with inner diameter of 8 mm
- B item under test
- C funnel
- D container with 30 ml of saline solution
- E horizontal surface

Figure 101 – Schematic representation of the 30 ml spillage test

Annex C (normative) Ageing test on provide a 0320965. Modification: The value of p in Table C. (1200)

 \mathbb{C} The bibliography of part 1 is applicable except as follows:

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the precedends indicated: IEC 60335-2-13 NOTE Harmonized as EN 60335-2-13.

IEC 60335-2-13	NOTE Harmonized as EN 60335-2-13.
IEC 60335-2-21	NOTE Harmonized as EN 60335-2-21
IEC 60335-2-35	NOTE Harmonized as EN 20083-35.
IEC 60335-2-54	NOTE Harmonizaçılar EN 60335-2-54.
IEC 60335-2-74	NOTE • Harmonized as EN 60335-2-74.
IEC 60335-2-75	Harmonized as EN 60335-2-75.
IEC 60335-2-98	NOTE Harmonized as EN 60335-2-98. (C

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